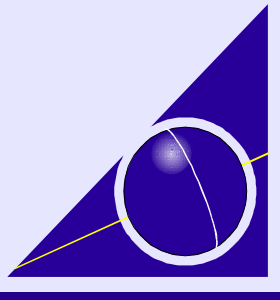


Geo++[®]

Gesellschaft für satellitengestützte geodätische und navigatorische
Technologien mbH

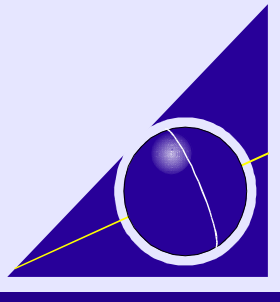


GPS Positionsbestimmung mit Geo++[®] – GNSMART

Andreas Bagge

zur Einführung von SAPOS in Baden–Württemberg
Crailsheim – 2000–12–07

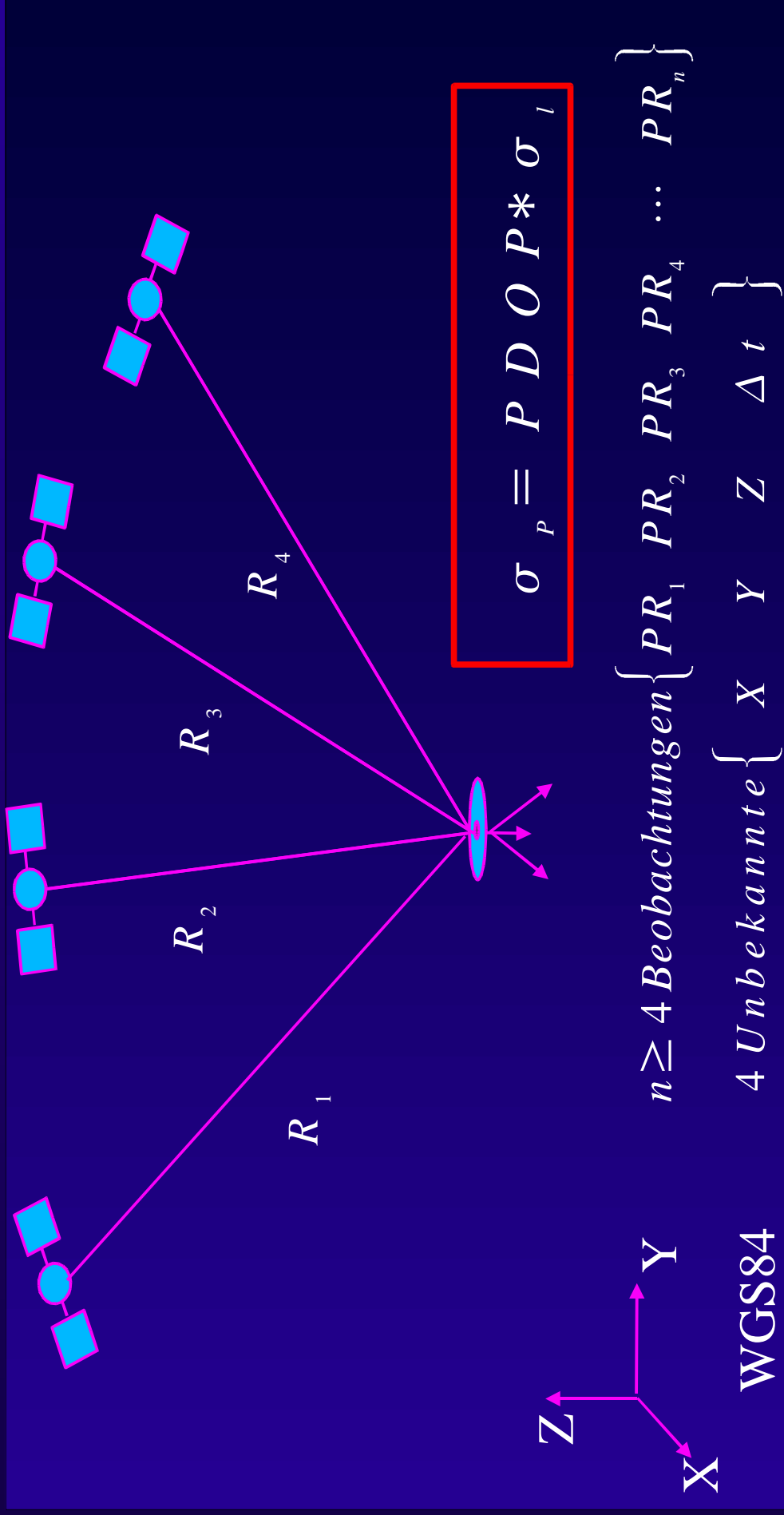
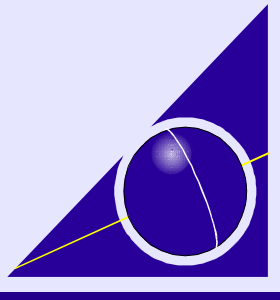
GN SMART



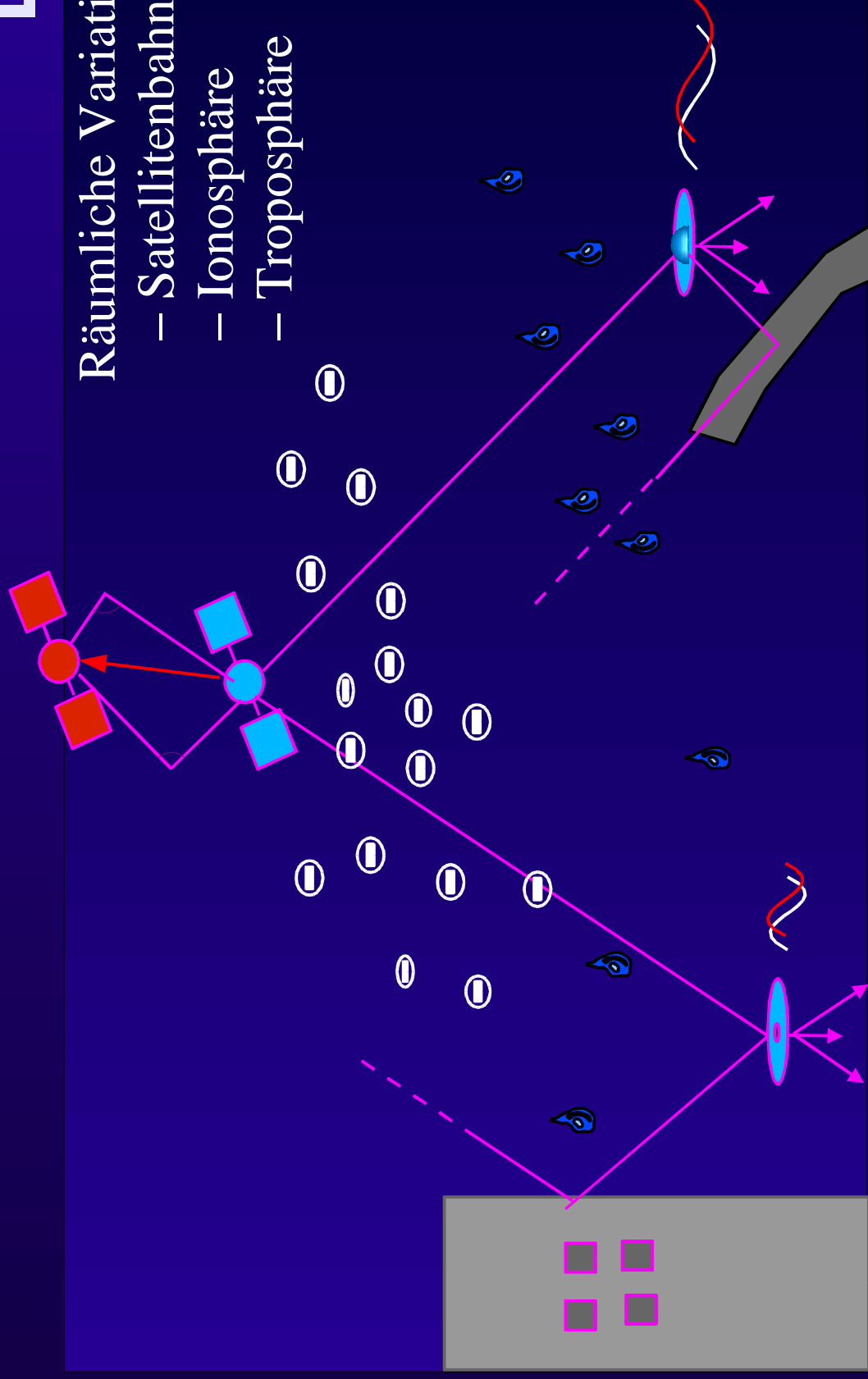
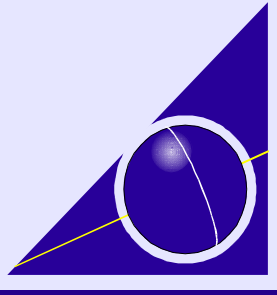
GNSS:
Global **N**avigation **S**atellite **S**ystem
(GPS, GLONASS)

SMART:
State **M**onitoring **A**nd **R**epresentation **T**echnique

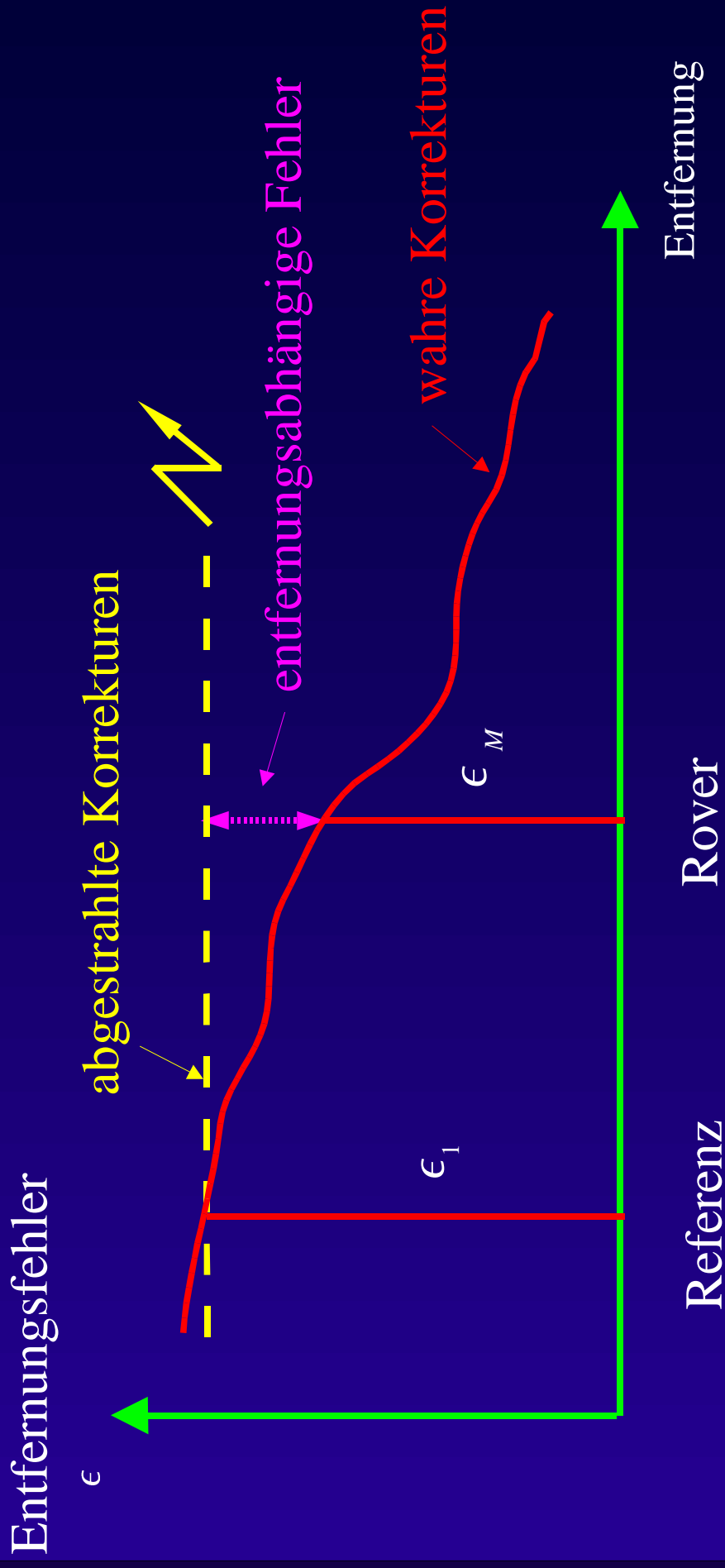
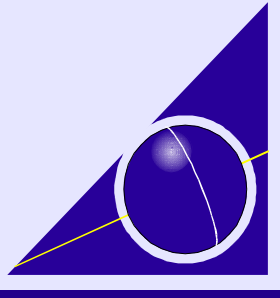
GPS Grundprinzip



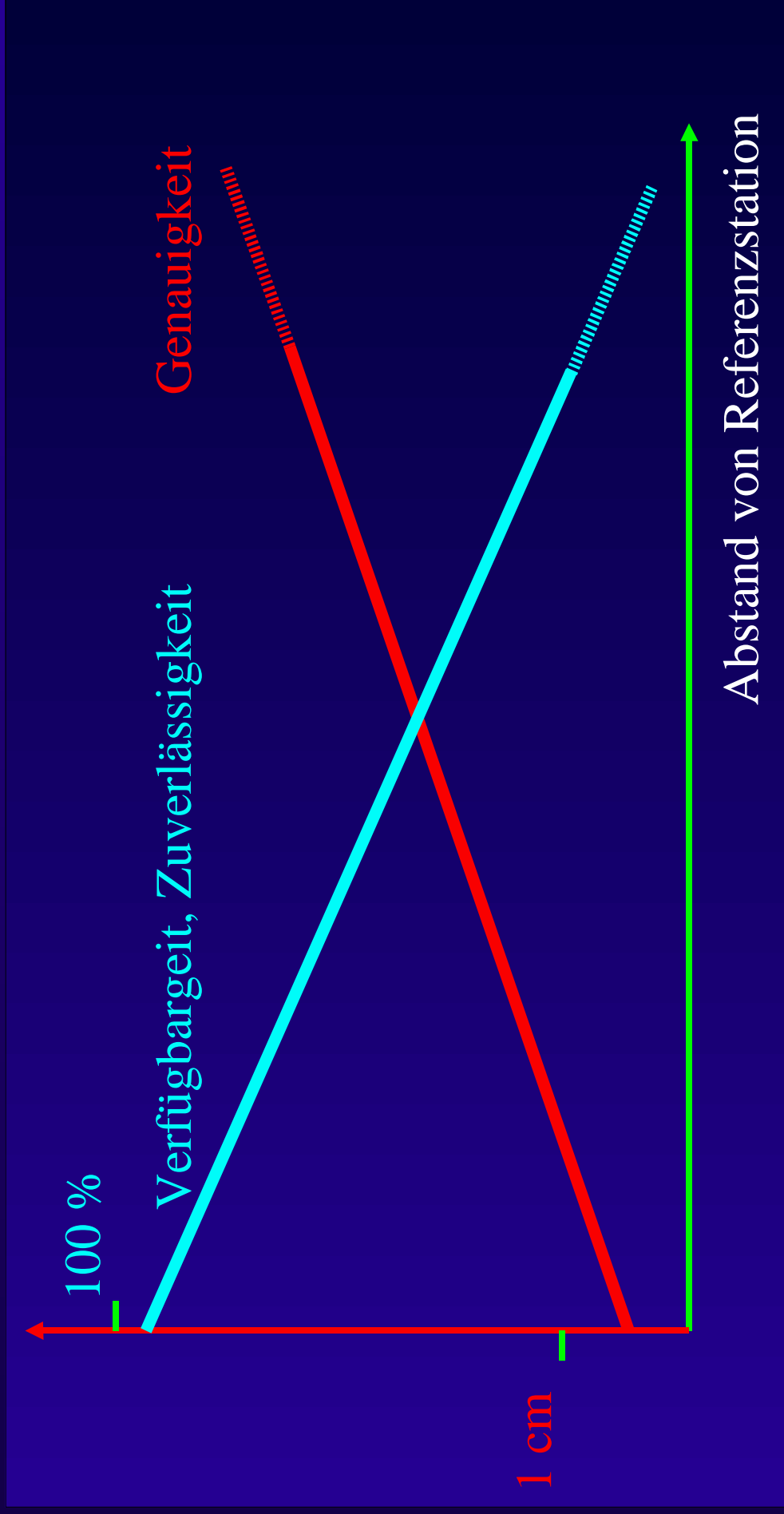
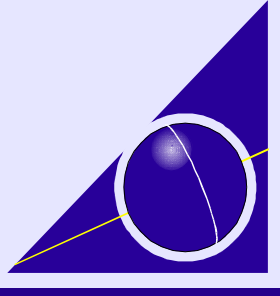
GPS Fehlerquellen



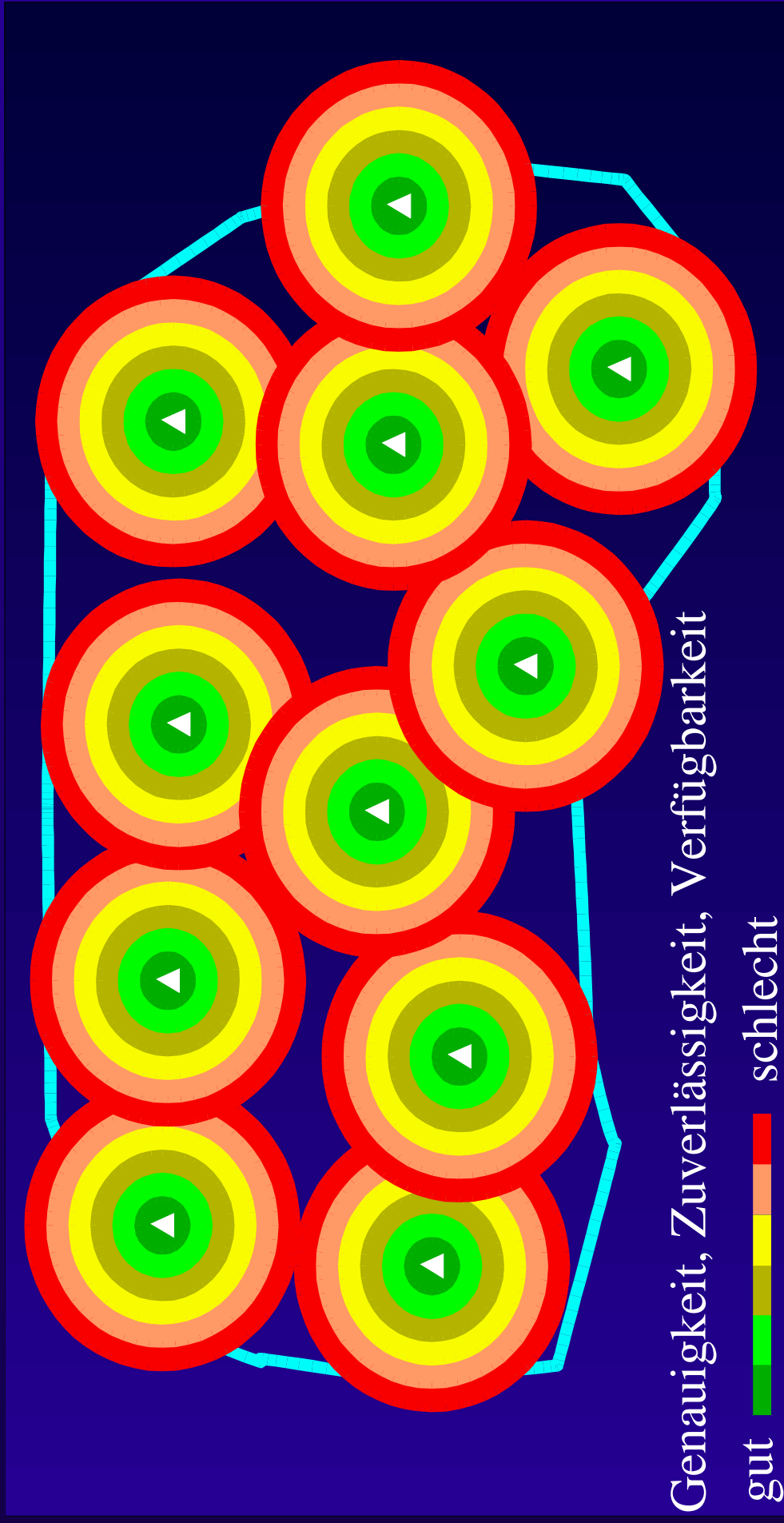
Entfernungsabhängigkeit



RTK-Qualität: Genauigkeit, Zuverlässigkeit, Verfügbarkeit

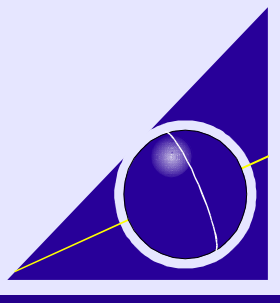


einzelne Referenzstationen (geringe Ionosphäre)

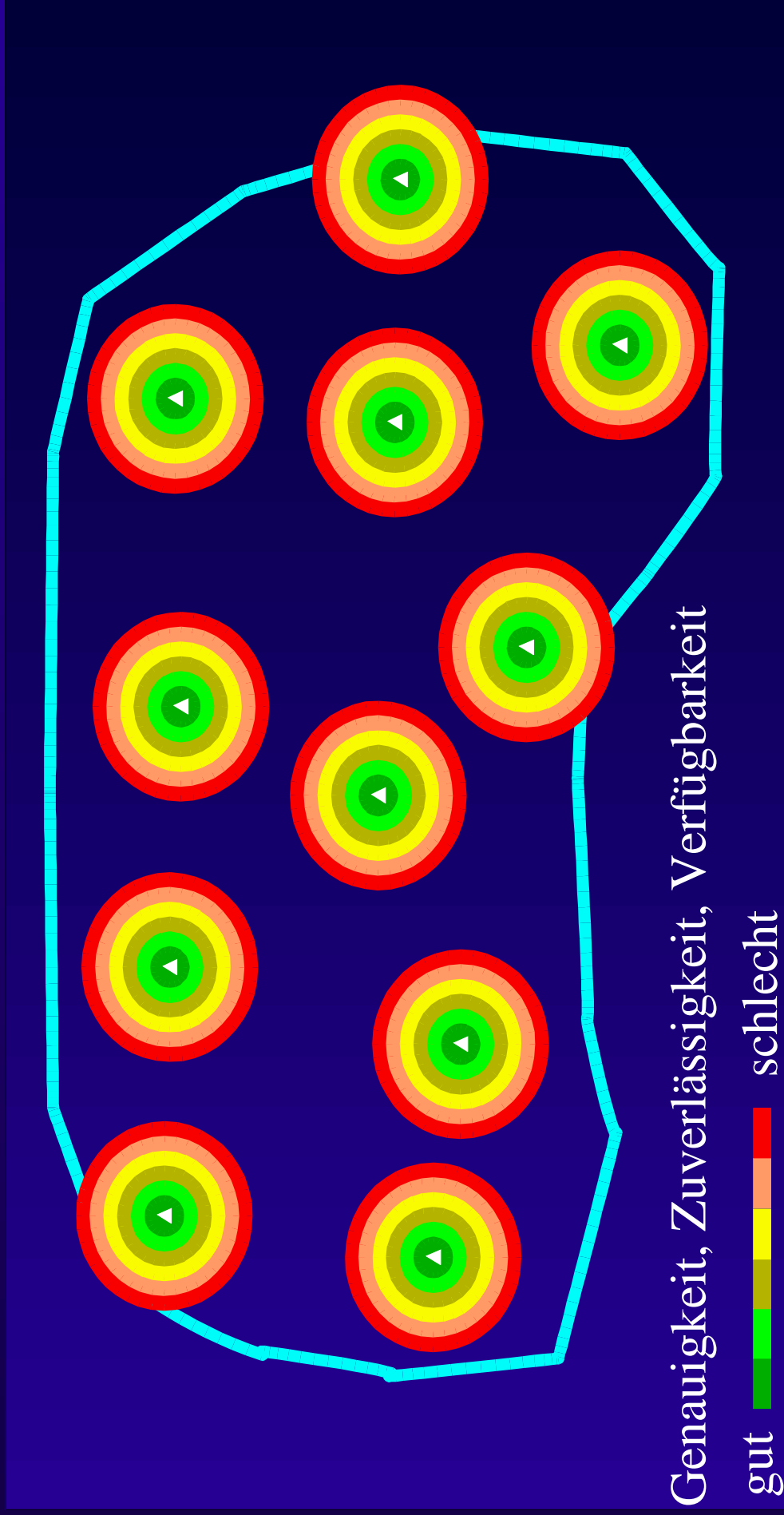


Genauigkeit, Zuverlässigkeit, Verfügbarkeit

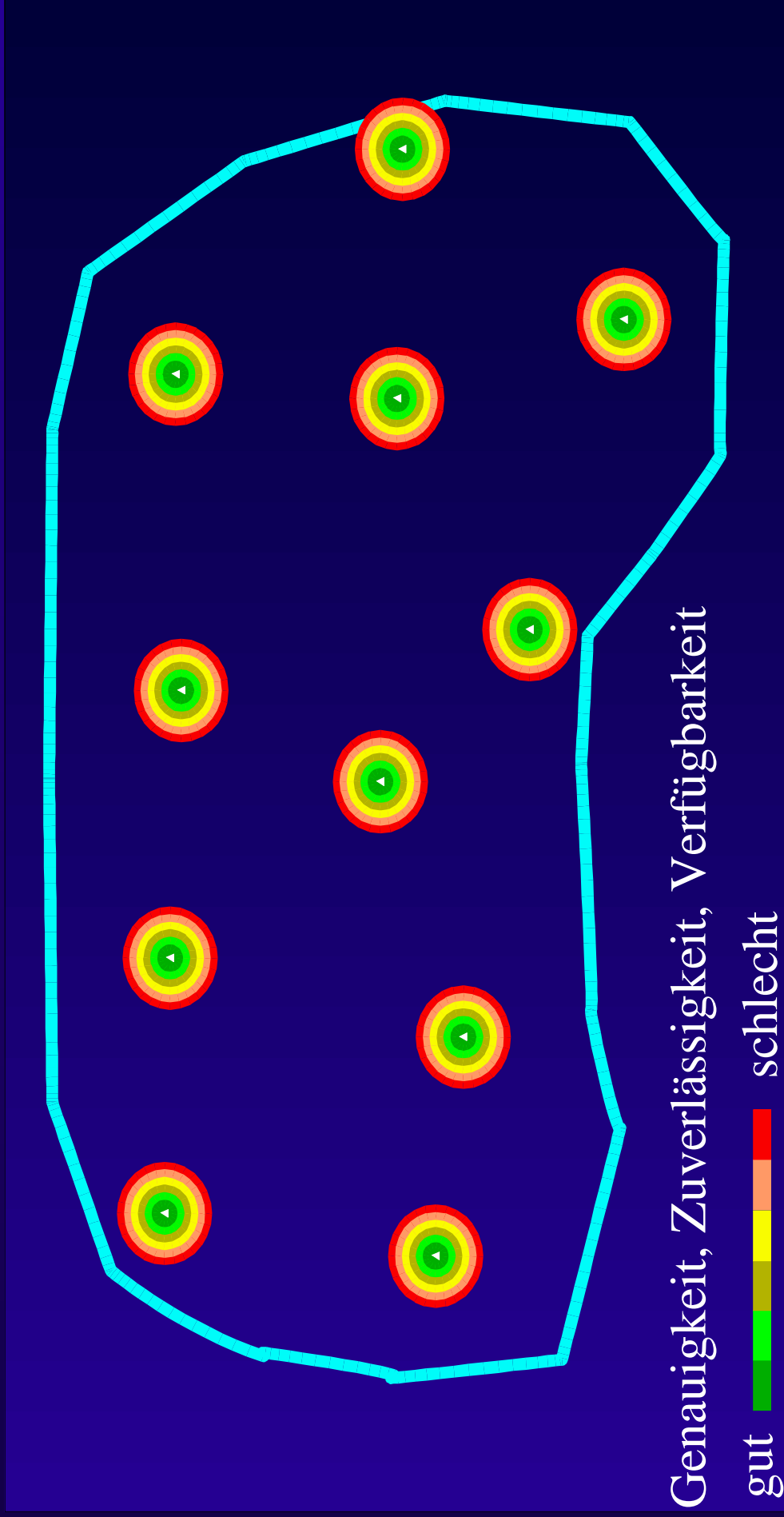
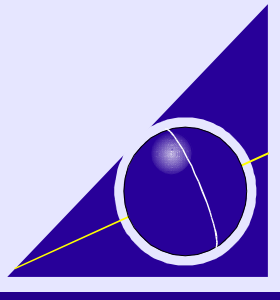
gut schlecht



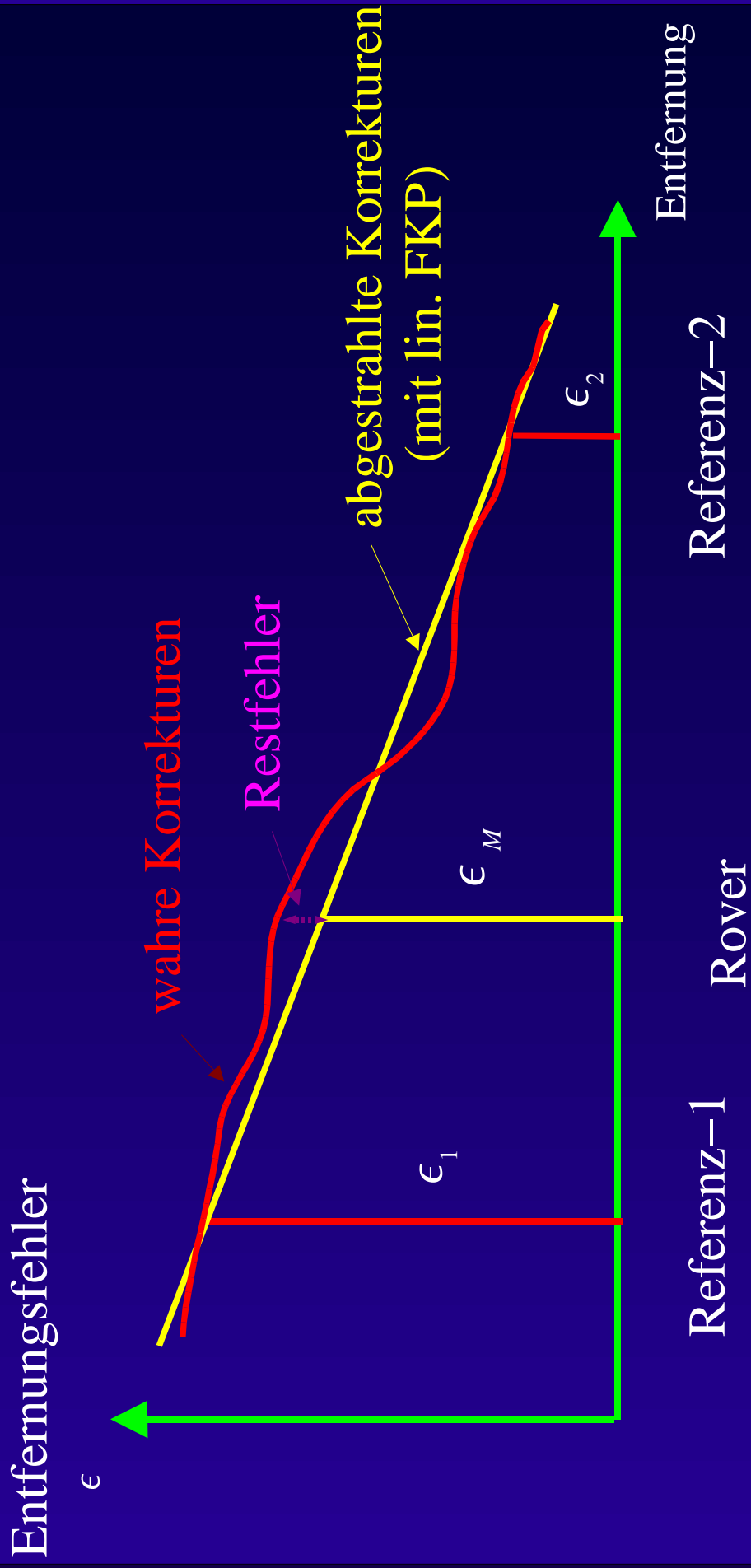
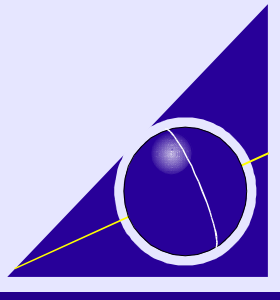
einzelne Referenzstationen (mittl. Ionosphäre)



einzelne Referenzstationen (starke Ionosphäre)

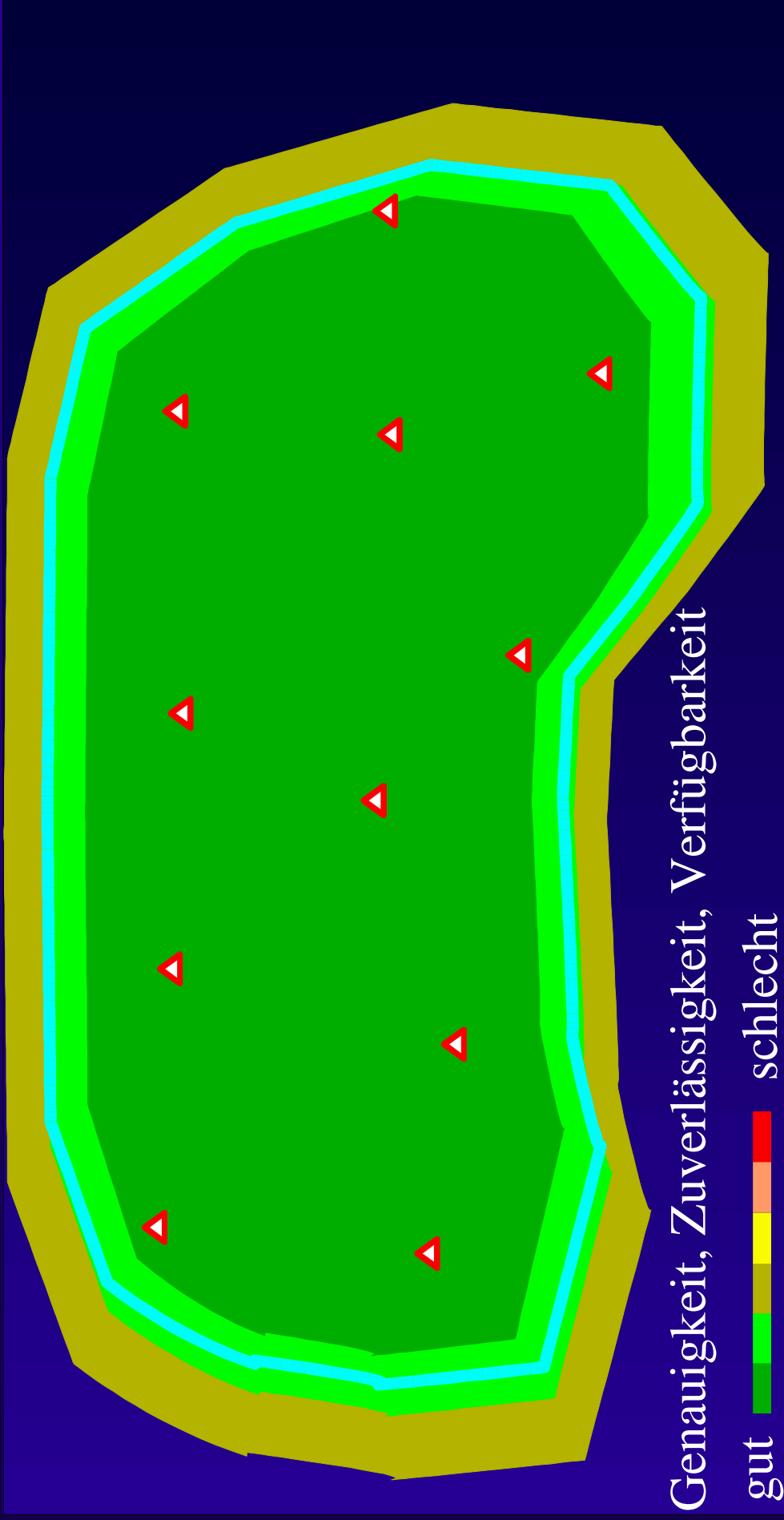
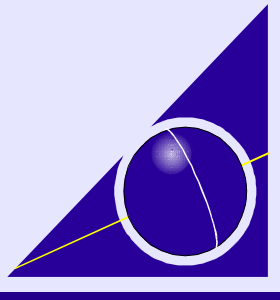


Vernetzung von Referenzstationen



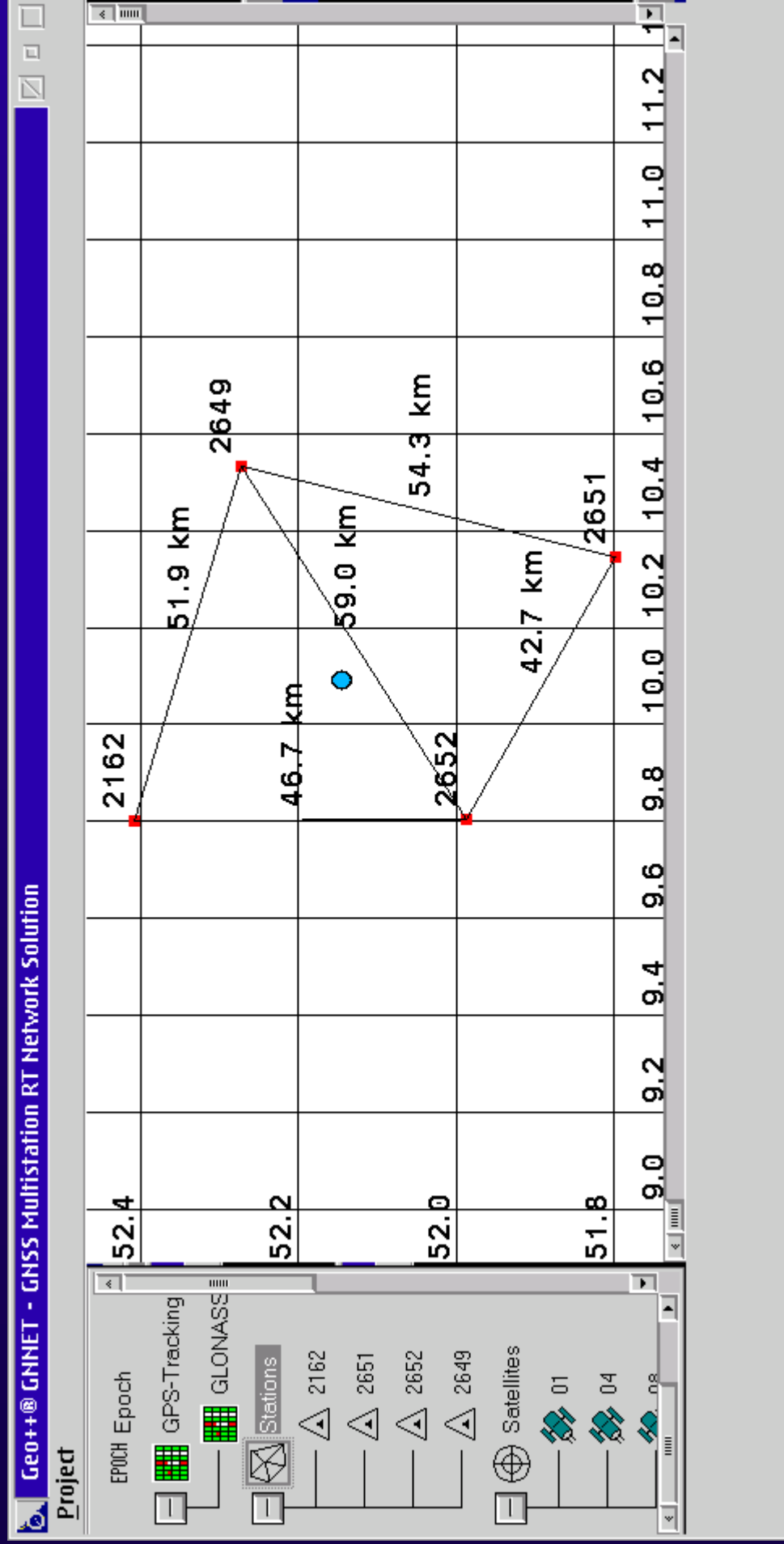
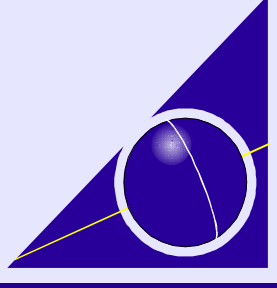
GNSMART Referenzstationsnetz

homogene Qualität



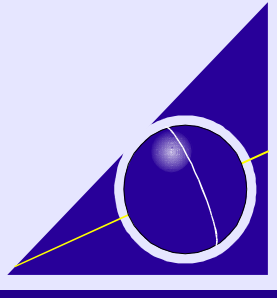
GNSMART Ergebnisse

Netz Hannover – Braunschweig – Clausthal – Hildesheim



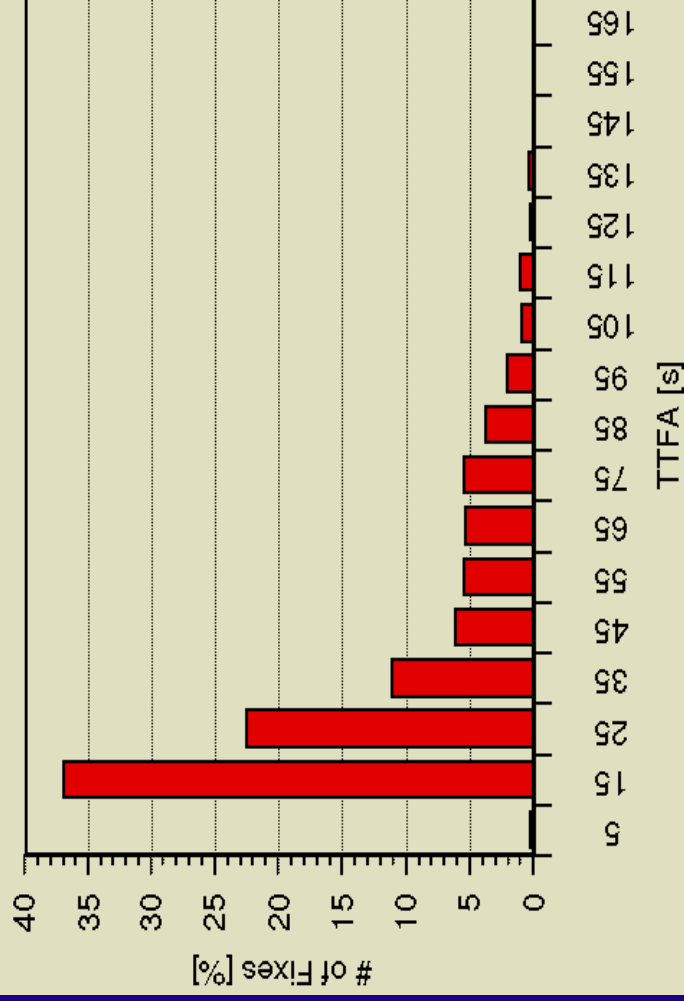
GNSMART Ergebnisse

Zeit bis zum Fixen



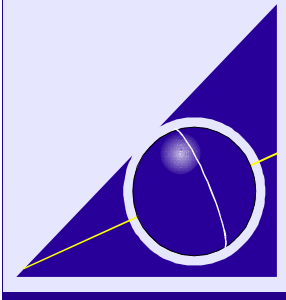
GNSMART

Time To Fix Ambiguities [s]



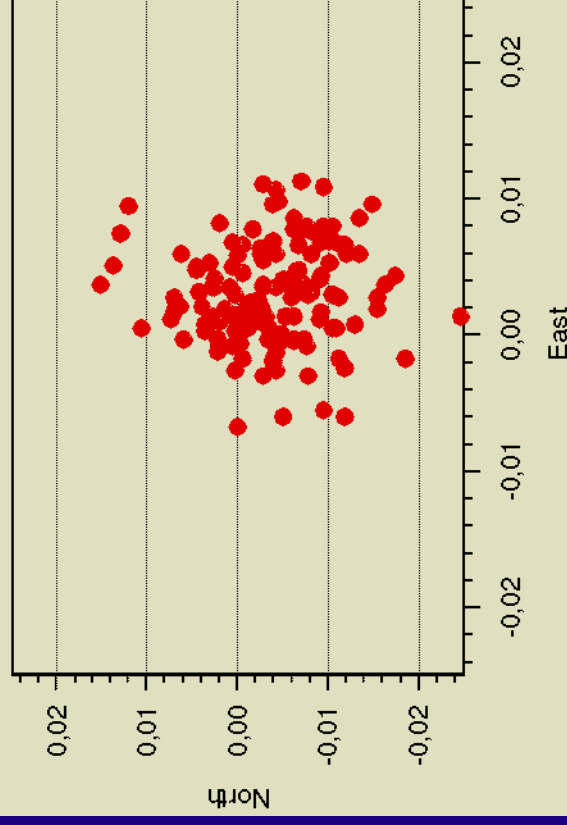
GNSMART Ergebnisse

erreichbare Genauigkeit



GNSMART RTK Position Error

30 km from nearest Reference Station



GNSMART aus Nutzersicht

