



Gehard Wübbena

Geo++
Germany
www.geopp.de

Chair of
RTCM-SSR WG
www.rtcn.org

RTCM-SC104 SSR development



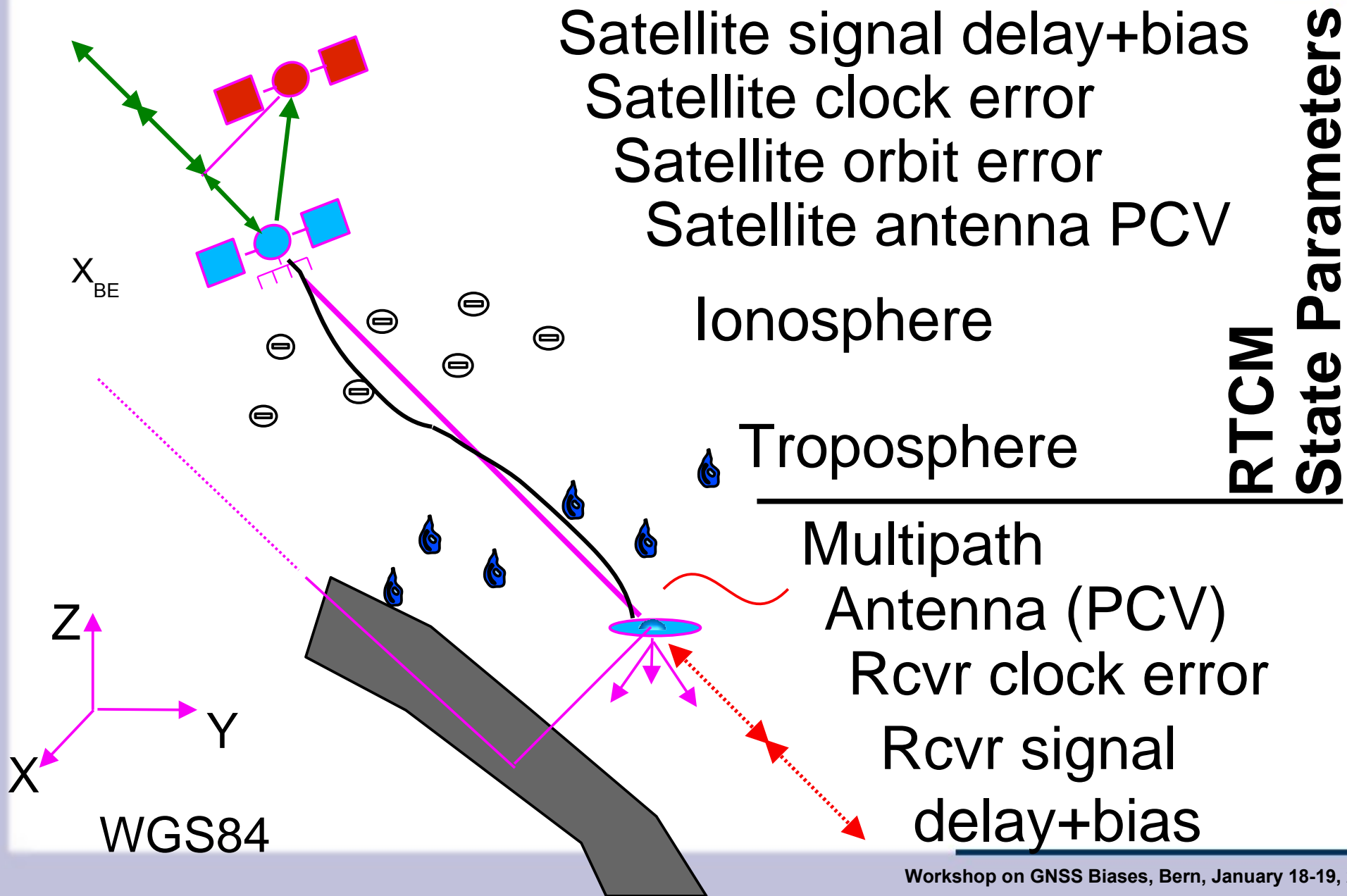
- Working group established in 2007
- 3 development stages:
 1. Development of messages for the transmission of **satellite orbit corrections, satellite clock corrections, satellite code biases** and **URA** values (currently GPS and GLONASS).
Enables real-time dual frequency code based PPP.
Completed in May 2011 and published in RTCM standard document:
„RTCM STANDARD 10403.1 with Amendments 1-5“, July 1, 2011
 2. Development of messages for the transmission of **phase biases** and **VTEC**. In preparation.
Shall enable real-time phase based PPP including ambiguity resolution and real-time single frequency PPP.
 3. Development of messages for the transmission of **STEC** and **tropospheric parameters**.
Shall enable PPP-RTK applications (centimeters in seconds)

General Requirements / Rules



- RTCM-SSR shall be a **self-contained** format as far as possible. I.e. all necessary information for consistent processing of an RTCM-SSR stream shall be contained in the stream or shall be specified as part of the standard document. The need for external information should be avoided.
- The definition of RTCM-SSR contents shall not limit/restrict the generation of such streams to certain generation models or approaches.
- International conventions for observation modeling and/or corrections shall be applied as far as necessary and as long as they are well defined and documented and freely usable.
- The standard shall allow **different update rates for different state parameters** in a flexible way.
- **Consistent processing** of SSR stream contents must be ensured.
- The RTCM-SSR standard shall allow global, continental, regional and/or local applications.

Major GNSS Error Sources / RTCM State Parameters

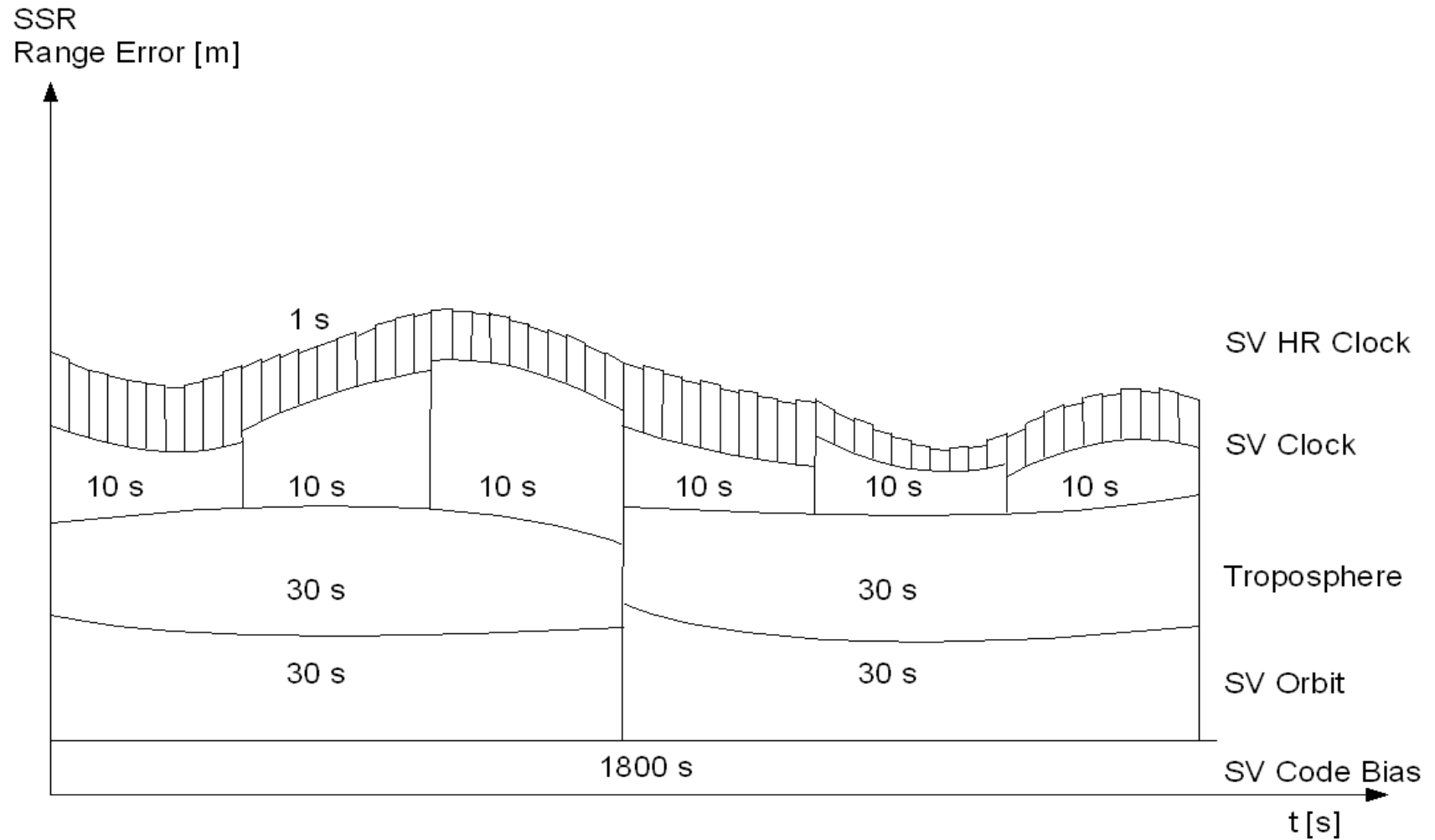


SSR to OSR transformation



- Transformation from State Space Representation (SSR) to Observation Space Representation (OSR)
 - Complete RTCM state vector can be transformed to OSR in form of PseudoRange and PhaseRange corrections, comparable to standard RTCM V2 corrections
 - PseudoRange and PhaseRange corrections (may) contain (average) receiver dependent effects („average“ receiver = SSR_{RX})
 - SSR_{RX} residual receiver clock effects
 - SSR_{RX} residual receiver signal biases
 - Most residual effects are common to all satellites
 - RTCM-SSR does not contain specifications defining characteristics (amount or time variations) of such SSR_{RX} residual effects
 - SSR_{RX} receiver/antenna type shall be transmitted using 1033 message

RTCM-SSR Consistency Sketch



RTCM-SSR and Signal Biases



- RTCM-SSR messages for satellite and signal dependent Code and Carrier Biases are (will be) defined as
 - „absolute biases“ (instead of differential biases)
 - No need to define reference signals or reference linear combinations
 - Flexible approach with respect to signal selection
 - SSR generating applications working with Differential Biases (DBs) shall chose absolute values in a way that the DBs a correctly represented and consistency is maintained
- RTCM-SSR biases may contain remaining/average/reference receiver biases
 - Biases common to all satellites
 - Easily eliminated through differencing or
 - Changing the estimates of corresponding rover parameters
 - In case of non-common biases (GLONASS FDMA)
 - a type 1033 message describing the type or instance of a reference receiver/antenna shall be sent with the RTCM-SSR stream